
Article

The Influence of Service Quality, Punctuality, and Price Perception on Customer Satisfaction of LRT Jabodebek PT Kereta Api Indonesia

Wulan Tiara Sani¹, Erwin Susanto^{1*}

¹Faculty of Economics & Business, Pertamina University Jl. Teuku Nyak Arief, Simprug, Kebayoran Lama, South Jakarta 12220

email: wulaantiaras@gmail.com

*Correspondence email: erwin.susanto@universitaspertamina.ac.id

Abstract: This study aims to analyze the influence of service quality, punctuality, and price perception on consumer satisfaction with the LRT Jabodebek service operated by PT Kereta Api Indonesia. The research employs a quantitative approach through a survey questionnaire distributed via Google Forms to consumers who use the service. Data analysis is conducted using the SEM-PLS method to evaluate the impact of each variable on consumer satisfaction. The findings indicate that service quality, punctuality, and price perception have a positive and significant effect on consumer satisfaction. Punctuality emerges as the primary factor influencing consumer satisfaction. Additionally, service quality and consumers' perception of affordable and reasonable pricing also contribute significantly to overall satisfaction with LRT Jabodebek. These findings provide strategic implications for LRT Jabodebek management in enhancing service quality to meet consumer expectations, which in turn can strengthen user loyalty, increase service popularity, and reinforce public transportation as the primary mode of choice for urban commuters.

Keywords: *Service Quality, Timeliness, Price Perception, Customer Satisfaction.*

Reference to this paper should be written as follows: Sani, W. T., & Susanto, E. (2024). The Influence of Service Quality, Punctuality, and Price Perception on Customer Satisfaction of LRT Jabodebek PT Kereta Api Indonesia, *Journal of Management and Energy Business*, 4(2), 31-48

1. Introduction

Public transportation plays a crucial role in supporting urban mobility, especially in highly populated areas such as Jakarta, Bogor, Depok, and Bekasi (Jabodebek). With rapid population growth and increasing urbanization, the number of private vehicles in this region has also risen significantly, leading to traffic congestion and increased air pollution. According to data from the Central Bureau of Statistics (BPS) in 2024, the number of motor vehicles in Indonesia is predominantly concentrated on Java Island,

*Corresponding author.

Copyright © 2025 Journal of Management and Energy Business

This work is licensed under a Creative Attribution-Non Commercial-ShareAlike 4.0 International License

<https://doi.org/10.54595/jmeb.v4i2.80>

particularly in DKI Jakarta and its surrounding areas, making it one of the primary contributors to traffic congestion in the metropolitan region.

Table 1. Population of the Jabodebek Region in 2024

Regency/City	Total population
DKI Jakarta	10.68 million people
Kota Bekasi	2.64 million people
Kota Bogor	1.07 million people
Kota Depok	2.16 million people
Kabupaten Bogor	5.68 million people
Kabupaten Bekasi	3.27 million people

Source: Badan Pusat Statistik Provinsi DKI Jakarta Provincial (2024) and Badan Pusat Statistik Kabupaten Bandung (2024)

Table 2. Data on the Number of Vehicles Per Island in Indonesia

No	Island Name	MP	Bus	MB	Spd Motor	Ransus	Total	%
1	Jawa	13.788.364	165.704	3.046.428	80.163.821	92.325	97.264.194	59,26
2	Sumatera	3.298.492	71.516	1.609.698	28.817.093	31.605	33.831.980	20,61
3	Kalimantan	950.173	14.979	612.027	10.497.528	8.626	12.086.497	7,36
4	Sulawesi	1.160.225	9.024	477.657	8.536.432	18.077	10.204.150	6,22
5	Bali	530.197	15.492	184.799	4.433.479	1.370	5.165.871	3,15
6	Nusa Tenggara	193.399	6.398	159.376	3.040.548	7.216	3.408.070	2,08
7	Papua	144.997	2.145	74.865	1.160.907	2.652	1.385.623	0,84
8	Maluku dan Maluku Utara	56.330	699	32.260	700.491	490	790.408	0,48

Source: Korlantas Polri (2024)

Table 3. Data on Provinces with the Largest Number of Vehicles in Indonesia

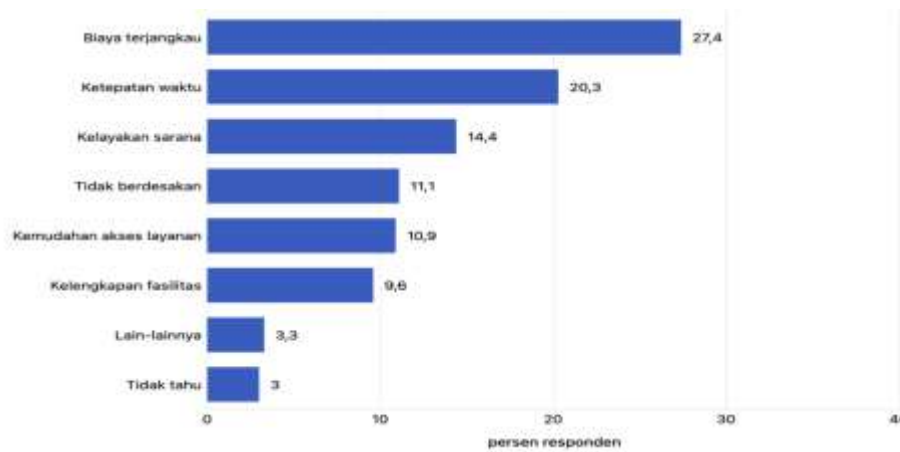
No	Provinsi	Jumlah Kendaraan
1	DKI Jakarta	21.450.788
2	Jawa Barat	19.823.957
3	Jawa Timur	18.684.456

No	Provinsi	Jumlah Kendaraan
4	Jawa Tengah	17.823.972
5	Sumatra Utara	6.789.234
6	Banten	5.678.345
7	Sulawesi Selatan	4.567.234
8	Riau	3.456.789
9	Bali	3.234.567
10	Sumatra Selatan	2.987.654

Source: Badan Pusat Statistik (2024)

To overcome this problem, the Indonesian government through PT Kereta Api Indonesia (PT KAI) is presenting the Jabodebek Light Rail Transit (LRT) as an alternative mass transportation that is efficient, environmentally friendly, and can reduce people's dependence on private vehicles. The Jabodebek LRT is designed to provide solutions to transportation problems by prioritizing aspects of speed, punctuality, large transport capacity and optimal service. With a 41.2 km long track and 18 stations spread across various strategic points, the Jabodebek LRT is expected to become the main mode of transportation for the people of Jabodebek.

Figure 1. Survey Results Report on Factors Determining Respondents Comfort in Using Public Transportation



Source: Muhamad, N. (2023) in Databoks

However, the success of a public transportation system does not solely depend on its existence but also on user satisfaction. Factors such as service quality, punctuality, and price perception are crucial aspects that determine the sustainability and attractiveness of this transportation service. According to a survey conducted by the research and development team of Kompas, the main factors influencing public transport user comfort

are economic aspects (price), efficiency (punctuality), as well as comfort and supporting facilities. Data from LRT Jabodebek indicate a significant growth trend in ridership since its initial operation in August 2023, with a 23% increase in passengers in the third quarter of 2024. Nevertheless, challenges remain in maintaining service quality, schedule accuracy, and competitive pricing strategies to ensure that this service remains the preferred choice for the public.

Figure 2. Monthly Report of Total Jabodebek LRT Users



Source: LRT Jabodebek (2024)

Therefore, this study aims to analyze the impact of service quality, punctuality, and price perception on customer satisfaction with LRT Jabodebek. By understanding the most influential factors affecting user satisfaction, the findings of this research are expected to provide strategic recommendations for PT KAI in improving the quality of mass transportation services in Indonesia.

2. Literature

No	Writer	Types of research	Variable	Result
1	Herawati <i>et al.</i> (2022)	Analysis of the Influence of Service Quality, Promotion, and Ease of Use of the KAI Access Application on Customer Satisfaction at PT Kereta Api Indonesia (Persero)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service Quality (X1) • Promotion (X2) • Ease of Use (X3) • Satisfaction Consumer (Y) 	Service quality, promotion, and ease of use of the KAI Access application have a significant influence on customer satisfaction, both partially and simultaneously.
2	Adawia <i>et al.</i> (2020)	The Influence of Service Quality and Facilities on	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service Quality (X1) • Facilities (X2) 	The variables of service quality and

No	Writer	Types of research	Variable	Result
		Customer Satisfaction of Commuter Line Trains (Case Study: Commuter Line from Cikarang to Jakarta Kota)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consumer Satisfaction (Y) 	facilities have a positive and significant influence on customer satisfaction of PT Kereta Commuter Indonesia, both partially and simultaneously.
3	Putri, N. Z., and Begawati, N. (2020)	The Influence of Service Quality on Customer Satisfaction at PT Kereta Api Indonesia (Persero) Regional Division II West Sumatra Padang-Pariaman	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service Quality (X1) • Consumer Satisfaction (Y) 	Service quality has a significant influence on customer satisfaction at PT Kereta Api Indonesia (Persero) Regional Division II West Sumatra Padang-Pariaman.
4	Yunus <i>et al.</i> (2023)	The Influence of Service Quality, Price, and Punctuality on Customer Satisfaction at PT Kereta Api Indonesia (Persero) DAOP IX Probolinggo Station	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service Quality (X1) • Price (X2) • Punctuality (X3) • Passenger Satisfaction (Y) 	This study shows that each variable, including service quality, price, and punctuality, has a positive and significant influence on customer satisfaction at PT Kereta Api Indonesia (Persero) DAOP IX Probolinggo Station.

No	Writer	Types of research	Variable	Result
5	Maulana <i>et al.</i> (2023)	Analysis of the Influence of Price, Service Quality, and Trust on Passenger Satisfaction of AirAsia on the CGK-LOP Flight Route During the Pandemic	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Price (X1) • Service Quality (X2) • Trust (X3) • Passenger Satisfaction (Y) 	Partially, price, service quality, and trust have a significant influence on passenger satisfaction. Simultaneously, price, trust, and service quality collectively have a significant influence of approximately 55.7% on passenger satisfaction.
6	Kusuma and Marlina (2021)	The Influence of Service Quality and Brand Image on Customer Satisfaction of Go-Jek Transportation Services in Surabaya	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service Quality (X1) • Brand Image (X2) • Customer satisfaction (Y) 	Service quality and brand image have a positive and significant influence on Go-Jek customer satisfaction in Surabaya, both partially and simultaneously.
7	Fadli and Rachmawati (2023)	The Influence of Service Quality and Ticket Price on Passenger Satisfaction of Batik Air at Abdulrachman Saleh Airport, Malang	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service Quality (X1) • Ticket price (X2) • Passenger Satisfaction (Y) 	Partially, service quality and ticket price have a significant influence on customer satisfaction. Simultaneously, service quality and ticket price also have a significant influence on

No	Writer	Types of research	Variable	Result
				customer satisfaction.
8	Utomo and Rianawati (2021)	The Influence of Service Quality, Facilities, and Price on Customer Satisfaction (Study on PT Kereta Api Indonesia DAOP IV Semarang)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service Quality (X1) • Facility (X2) • Price (X3) • Consumer Satisfaction (Y) 	The variables of service quality, facilities, and price have a significant influence on customer satisfaction partially.
9	Muhlidin (2022)	Analysis of the Influence of Service Quality, Facilities, and Punctuality on Customer Satisfaction at PT KAI DAOP IV Poncol Station, Semarang	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service Quality (X1) • Facility (X2) • Punctuality (X3) • Consumer Satisfaction (Y) 	The variable of service quality has a significant positive influence on customer satisfaction at PT KAI DAOP IV Poncol Station, Semarang.
10	Prihartanti <i>et al.</i> (2023)	The Influence of Service Quality on Passenger Satisfaction of Probowangi Train at Wonokromo Station, Surabaya	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Service Quality (X1) • Passenger Satisfaction (Y) 	The research results show that service quality has a positive and significant influence on passenger satisfaction of the Probowangi Train at Wonokromo Station, Surabaya, by 40.9%.

3. Methods

The research method used in this study is a quantitative method with a survey approach. This study employs a conclusive research design, which includes both descriptive and causal research. Descriptive research aims to illustrate the ongoing phenomena, such as the level of customer satisfaction with LRT Jabodebek services, while causal research is used to analyze the cause-and-effect relationships between the studied variables, namely service quality, punctuality, and price perception in relation to customer satisfaction. The population in this study consists of all users of the LRT Jabodebek service operated by PT Kereta Api Indonesia. The research sample is selected using a purposive sampling method, in which respondents are chosen based on specific criteria relevant to the study. The sample size is determined using the Lemeshow formula, as the exact number of LRT Jabodebek users is unknown.

Data in this study are collected from two sources: primary and secondary data. Primary data are obtained through an online questionnaire (Google Form) distributed to respondents who are LRT Jabodebek users. Meanwhile, secondary data are gathered from various sources, such as journals, books, scientific articles, and other references that support this research.

The data analysis in this study is conducted using the Structural Equation Modeling – Partial Least Squares (SEM-PLS) method. This method is used to evaluate the impact of service quality, punctuality, and price perception on customer satisfaction, both simultaneously and partially. SEM-PLS was chosen because it can analyze the relationships between variables more accurately and provide reliable results in understanding the key factors influencing user satisfaction with LRT Jabodebek services.

4. Results

This study aims to analyze the impact of service quality, punctuality, and price perception on customer satisfaction with LRT Jabodebek, operated by PT Kereta Api Indonesia. Data were collected through an online questionnaire distributed to LRT Jabodebek users, with a total of 96 respondents. The characteristics of the respondents indicate that the majority of LRT Jabodebek users in this study are female (56.25%), while male respondents account for 43.75%. The respondents come from various occupational backgrounds, with most being private-sector employees, university students, and freelancers. In terms of education, the majority of respondents have at least a high school diploma (SMA/SMK), while the rest are university graduates. Data analysis was conducted using the Structural Equation Modeling-Partial Least Squares (SEM-PLS) method with the assistance of SmartPLS 4 software. The research model was tested through two main stages: the Measurement Model Test (Outer Model) and the Structural Model Test (Inner Model). The Measurement Model Test was conducted to examine the validity and reliability of the research indicators.

The analysis results indicate that all indicators have a loading factor value greater than 0.7, meaning each indicator has a strong relationship with the measured variable. Additionally, the Average Variance Extracted (AVE) value exceeds 0.5, indicating a good level of convergent validity for each variable. Construct reliability was assessed using Cronbach's Alpha and Composite Reliability, both of which had values above 0.7, confirming that the research instrument has good internal consistency. After the

measurement model was validated as reliable, a structural model test was conducted to analyze the relationships between research variables. The results show that all independent variables have a positive and significant influence on customer satisfaction. Punctuality has the most dominant effect, with a coefficient of 0.401, followed by service quality (0.337) and price perception (0.289). Furthermore, the Goodness of Fit (GoF) evaluation indicates that the research model has a good fit, with a GoF value exceeding 0.36.

The research findings indicate that service quality has a positive and significant impact on customer satisfaction. This suggests that aspects such as cleanliness of the carriages, comfort of the facilities, staff friendliness, and ease of service access play a crucial role in enhancing user satisfaction. Respondents who received friendly and responsive service from staff tended to have a higher level of satisfaction. Additionally, clean and comfortable facilities, such as adequate seating and well-maintained carriages, also contribute to increased user satisfaction. Punctuality was found to be the most dominant factor in determining customer satisfaction. LRT Jabodebek users highly prioritize adherence to departure and arrival schedules as promised.

This can be linked to the characteristics of users, who are predominantly workers and students with tight schedules, making punctuality a key factor in choosing a mode of transportation. These findings indicate that maintaining operational schedule consistency is essential to ensuring user satisfaction and loyalty. Price perception also has a significant impact on customer satisfaction. Users tend to feel satisfied when the LRT Jabodebek fare is perceived as reasonable and aligned with the quality of service provided. Factors such as affordability, the balance between price and benefits received, and fare competitiveness compared to other transportation modes are key considerations for users when evaluating LRT services. If fares are set too high without a significant improvement in service quality, customer satisfaction may decline.

Therefore, a competitive pricing strategy is one of the key factors that can enhance customer satisfaction and encourage users to continue using LRT Jabodebek services. Overall, the findings of this study provide strategic implications for LRT Jabodebek management in improving services to meet consumer expectations. Enhancing service quality can be achieved by ensuring clean and comfortable facilities, providing training for staff to improve customer service skills, and offering more accessible service information. Additionally, punctuality must be maintained by optimizing operational systems and fleet maintenance to ensure that departure and arrival schedules are consistently met. Meanwhile, the pricing strategy should consider consumer purchasing power and be aligned with the quality of services offered. By understanding the key factors influencing customer satisfaction, this study can serve as a foundation for LRT Jabodebek management in designing more effective policies to improve service quality, maintain punctuality, and implement a more competitive pricing strategy. These improvements are expected to strengthen user loyalty and position LRT Jabodebek as the primary mode of transportation in the Greater Jakarta area (Jabodetabek).

5. Discussion

Therefore, a competitive pricing strategy is one of the key factors that can enhance customer satisfaction and encourage users to continue using LRT Jabodebek services. Overall, the findings of this study provide strategic implications for LRT Jabodebek management in improving services to meet consumer expectations. Enhancing service quality can be achieved by ensuring clean and comfortable facilities, providing training for staff to improve customer service skills, and offering more accessible service information. Additionally, punctuality must be maintained by optimizing operational systems and fleet maintenance to ensure that departure and arrival schedules are consistently met. Meanwhile, the pricing strategy should take into account consumer purchasing power and be aligned with the quality of services offered.

By understanding the key factors influencing customer satisfaction, this study can serve as a foundation for LRT Jabodebek management in designing more effective policies to improve service quality, maintain punctuality, and implement a more competitive pricing strategy. These improvements are expected to strengthen user loyalty and position LRT Jabodebek as the primary mode of transportation in the Greater Jakarta area (Jabodetabek).

Another interesting finding is the difference from the study by Fauzi et al. (2023), which found that price was the most dominant factor influencing customer satisfaction in online transportation services. This indicates that in rail-based transportation services such as LRT Jabodebek, passengers prioritize punctuality over price, which may be more flexible in app-based transportation services. In the context of the Servqual theory (Parasuraman et al., 1988), the findings of this study reaffirm that the reliability dimension, which in this case is reflected in punctuality, is the most crucial dimension for transportation services. This also supports Oliver's (1980) customer satisfaction theory, which states that satisfaction occurs when customer expectations are met or even exceeded. In this case, expectations regarding punctuality carry more weight than expectations regarding service quality and price.

1. Implications and Future Research Directions

The findings of this study provide several implications for public transportation service providers, particularly PT KAI as the operator of LRT Jabodebek. First, improving punctuality can be achieved by optimizing operational schedules, enhancing train maintenance efficiency, and providing real-time information systems for passengers. Second, although service quality has a significant influence, service operators must ensure continuous improvements, particularly in aspects such as station and fleet cleanliness and comfort. Third, a competitive pricing strategy should still be considered, even though it is not the primary factor in customer satisfaction. For future research, further exploration of other factors that may influence customer satisfaction, such as comfort, safety, and integration with other transportation modes, can be conducted. Additionally, future studies may employ a longitudinal approach to examine how customer satisfaction evolves over time as LRT Jabodebek's services improve in the long run.

6. Conclusion and Recommendations

Based on the findings of this study, it can be concluded that service quality, punctuality, and price perception have a significant influence on customer satisfaction with LRT Jabodebek. Among these three factors, punctuality is the most dominant variable in determining user satisfaction. This indicates that consistency in travel schedules and minimal delays are crucial in creating a positive customer experience. Although service quality and price perception also contribute to satisfaction, their impact is lower compared to punctuality. Therefore, improving punctuality should be the top priority for public transportation service providers.

To enhance customer satisfaction, LRT Jabodebek operators are advised to continuously optimize punctuality through regular maintenance and more efficient schedule management. Additionally, improving service quality—such as cleanliness, comfort, and staff hospitality—should remain a focus to enhance the user experience. Competitive pricing strategies should also be reviewed periodically to ensure alignment with customers' perceived value. With continuous improvements in these aspects, LRT Jabodebek is expected to strengthen user loyalty and become an increasingly preferred mode of transportation for the Jabodebek community.

Author Contributions: Conceptualization, W.T.S. and E.S.; methodology, W.T.S.; software, W.T.S.; validation, W.T.S., E.S.; formal analysis, W.T.S.; investigation, W.T.S.; resources, W.T.S.; data curation, W.T.S.; writing original draft preparation, W.T.S.; writing review and editing, W.T.S.; visualization, W.T.S.; supervision, E.S.; project administration, E.S.; funding acquisition, E.S. All authors have read and agreed to the published version of the manuscript.

Conflicts of Interest: The authors declare no conflict of interest.

References

1. Steers, R. M. (1975). Problems in the measurement of organizational effectiveness. *Administrative Science Quarterly*, 20(4), 546-558.
2. Adawia, P. R., Azizah, A., Endriastuty, Y., dan Sugandhi, S. (2020). Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan Dan Fasilitas Terhadap Kepuasan Konsumen Kereta Api Commuter Line (Studi Kasus Commuter Line Arah Cikarang Ke Jakarta Kota). *Sebatik*, 24(1), 87-95.
3. Akhmad, U., dan Handoyo, P. (2014). *Penanggulangan Kemacetan dan Kebutuhan Alat Transportasi di Kota Surabaya*. Paradigma.
4. Albab, U. (2023). "Pengaruh Ketepatan Waktu, Fasilitas dan Harga Tiket Terhadap Kepuasan Penumpang Kereta Api." *Jurnal Ilmiah Multidisiplin*, Vol. 2, No. 10, September 2023. Diakses dari Jurnal Nusantara.
5. Albers, S. (2010). *PLS and Success Factor Studies in Marketing*. In V. V. Esposito, W. W. Chin, J. Henseler, dan H. Wang (Eds.), *Handbook of Partial Least Squares: Concepts, Methods and Applications in Marketing and Related Fields*. Springer.
6. Alfian, D. A. (2023). Pengaruh on-Time Performance terhadap Minat Beli Ulang Pada Maskapai Citilink Di Bandar Udara Internasional Husein Sastranegara Bandung. *Jurnal Mahasiswa: Jurnal Ilmiah Penalaran dan Penelitian Mahasiswa*, 5(3), 214-299.
7. Anggraeni, D. P., Renatasari, C., Pakpahan, P. A., dan Wati, S. F. (2024). Analisis Peningkatan Jumlah Transportasi Kota Surabaya Menggunakan Sistem Dinamik. *Jurnal Multidisiplin Ilmu*.
8. Anisa, S. T., Mustofa, M. T. L., Al Umar, A. U. A., Fitria, D., Pradani, Y. S., dan Inawati, Y. (2021). Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan dan Persepsi Harga terhadap Kepuasan Pelanggan Go-Jek Millennial Salatiga. *Juremi: Jurnal Riset Ekonomi*, 1(1), 9-16.

9. Apriyadi, D. (2017). Analisis Pengaruh Ketepatan Waktu, Fasilitas dan Harga Tiket terhadap Kepuasan Penumpang Kereta Api di Stasiun Purwosari. *Magistra*, 29(99).
10. Apriyadi, D. (2017). Analisis Pengaruh Ketepatan Waktu, Fasilitas, dan Harga Tiket terhadap Kepuasan Penumpang Kereta Api di Stasiun Purwosari. *Magistra*, 99, 1-10. ISSN 0215- 9511.
11. Astrawan , I. K. O., Sanjaya, I. W. K., dan Ekasani, K. A. (2023). Pengaruh Harga dan Kualitas Pelayanan terhadap Kepuasan Konsumen. *Jurnal Ilmiah Pariwisata dan Bisnis*, 2(8), 1712– 1728. <https://doi.org/10.22334/paris.v2i8.495>
12. Badan Pusat Statistik Kabupaten Bandung. (2024, Juli 23). Jumlah Penduduk Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jawa Barat (ribu), 2024. Retrieved from Badan Pusat Statistik Kabupaten Bandung: <https://bandungkab.bps.go.id/id/statistics-table/1/MTgyIzE=/jumlah-penduduk-menurut-kabupaten-kota-di-provinsi-jawa-barat-ribu-2024-.html>
13. Badan Pusat Statistik Provinsi DKI Jakarta. (2024, April 5). Jumlah Penduduk Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi DKI Jakarta. Retrieved from Badan Pusat Statistik Provinsi DKI Jakarta: <https://jakarta.bps.go.id/id/statistics-table/2/MTI3MCMY/jumlah-penduduk-menurut-kabupaten-kota-di-provinsi-dki-jakarta-html>
14. Badan Pusat Statistik. (2024, Februari 20). Jumlah Kendaraan Bermotor Menurut Provinsi dan Jenis Kendaraan (unit), 2023. Retrieved from Badan Pusat Statistik: <https://www.bps.go.id/id/statistics-table/3/VjJ3NGRGa3dkRk5MTIU1bVNFOTVbVbmQyVURSTVFUMDkjMw==/jumlah-kendaraan-bermotor-menurut-provinsi-dan-jenis-kendaraan--unit---2023.html>
15. Bahrudin, M., dan Zuhro, S. (2016). Pengaruh kepercayaan dan kepuasan pelanggan terhadap loyalitas pelanggan. *BISNIS: Jurnal Bisnis Dan Manajemen Islam*, 3(1), 1-15.
16. Batterton, K. A., dan Hale, K. N. (2017). The Likert Scale What It Is and How to Use it. *Phalanx*, 50(2), 32-39.
17. Becker, J.-M., Ringle, C. M., Sarstedt, M., dan Völckner, F. (2015). How collinearity affects mixture regression results. *Marketing Letters*, 26(4), 643–659.
18. Bei, Lien-Ti, Yu-Ching Chiao. (2001). “Integrated Model for the effects of perceived product, perceived service quality, and perceived price fairness on consumer satisfaction and loyalty”. *Journal of Consumer Satisfaction, Dissatisfaction and Complanning Behavior*.
19. Berliana, D. L. (2022). Pengaruh Strategi Experiential Marketing, Brand Image dan Ketepatan Waktu terhadap Keputusan Pembelian Tiket Kereta Api. In *SIMBA: Seminar Inovasi Manajemen, Bisnis, Dan Akuntansi* (Vol. 4).
20. Biro Komunikasi dan Informasi Publik Kementerian Perhubungan Republik Indonesia. (2021, Juni 15). Menuju Transportasi Perkotaan yang Ramah dan Nyaman. Retrieved from Kementerian Perhubungan Republik Indonesia: <https://dephub.go.id/post/read/menuju-transportasi-perkotaan-yang-ramah-dan-nyaman>
21. Biro Komunikasi dan Informasi Publik Kementerian Perhubungan Republik Indonesia. (2023, September 5). Bangga! LRT Jabodebek Buatan Anak Bangsa Sudah Beroperasi, Andalan Transportasi Massal Perkotaan. Retrieved from Kementerian Perhubungan Republik Indonesia: <https://dephub.go.id/post/read/%E2%80%8Bbangga--lrt-jabodebek-buatan-anak-bangsa-sudah-beroperasi,-andalan-transportasi-massal-perkotaan>
22. Biro Komunikasi dan Informasi Publik Kementerian Perhubungan Republik Indonesia. (2023, Juli 10). LRT Jabodebek, Pilihan Baru Mobilitas Masyarakat Jabodebek. Retrieved from Kementerian Perhubungan Republik Indonesia: <https://dephub.go.id/post/read/lrt-jabodebek,-pilihan-baru-mobilitas-masyarakat-jabodebek>
23. Cockrill, Antje dan Mark M.H. Goode. (2010). Perceived Price and Price Decay in the DVD Market. *The Journal of Product and Brand Management*. 19 (5).

24. Devi, N. L. P. Y., Anggraini, N. P. N., dan Hendrawan, I. gede Y. (2018). Pengaruh Promosi dan Kualitas Pelayanan Terhadap Minat Menjadi Nasabah PT. Asuransi Allianz Life Genteng Biru Agency. *VALUES*, 1(3), 10–27.
25. Dewi, N. K. (2022). Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan dan Persepsi Harga terhadap Kepuasan Pelanggan Maskapai Citilink Rute Domestik di Bandar Udara Internasional Juanda Surabaya. *Flight Attendant Kedirgantaraan: Jurnal Public Relation, Pelayanan, Pariwisata*, 4(1), 95-97.
26. Dhasya, H., dan Fatmayati, F. (2022). Pengaruh Persepsi Harga dan Kualitas Pelayanan terhadap Keputusan Penumpang Pengguna Maskapai Citilink di Bandar Udara Internasional Ahmad Yani Semarang. *Jurnal Multidisiplin Madani*, 2(3), 1533-1546.
27. Diamantopoulos, A., Sarstedt, M., Fuchs, C., Wilczynski, P., dan Kaiser, S. (2012). Guidelines for choosing between multi-item and single-item scales for construct measurement: A predictive validity perspective. *Journal of the Academy of Marketing Science*, 40(3), 434–449.
28. Fadli, M., dan Rachmawati, D. (2023). Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan dan Harga Tiket terhadap Kepuasan Penumpang Maskapai Batik Air di Bandar Udara Abdulrachman Saleh Malang. *Student Research Journal*, 1(4), 315-331.
29. Fauzi, A., Maryadi, F., Afrillia, P., Armanda, F., Sulistyowati, W., Zahra, M. A., dan Soza, D. (2023). Pengaruh Permintaan Harga, Promosi, dan Kualitas Layanan terhadap Kepuasan Konsumen pada Transportasi Online. *Jurnal Akuntansi Dan Manajemen Bisnis*, 3(1), 63-72.
30. Ghozali, I., dan Latan, H. (2015). *Partial Least Squares: Konsep, Metode, dan Aplikasi Menggunakan Program SmartPLS 3.0*. Semarang: Badan Penerbit Universitas Diponegoro.
31. Granström, R. (2008). *Management of Condition Information from Railway Punctuality Perspective (Doctoral thesis)*. Luleå University of Technology, Department of Civil, Mining dan Environmental Engineering, Division of Operation dan Maintenance Engineering.
32. Hair, J. F., et al. (2019). When to Use and How to Report the Results of PLS-SEM. *European Business Review*, 31 (1).
33. Hair, J. F., Hult, T., Ringle, C. M., dan Sarstedt, M. (2022). *A primer on partial least squares structural equation modeling (PLS-SEM) (3rd ed.)*. Thousand Oaks: Sage.
34. Hair, J. F., Ringle, C. M., Danks, N. P., Hult, G. T. M., Sarstedt, M., dan Ray, S. (2021). *Partial Least Squares Structural Equation Modeling (PLS-SEM) Using R: A Workbook*. Springer.
35. Hair, J. F., Risher, J. J., Sarstedt, M., dan Ringle, C. M. (2019). When to use and how to report the results of PLS-SEM. *European Business Review*, 31(1), 2–24.
36. Hair, J. F., Sarstedt, M., dan Ringle, C. M. (2019). Rethinking some of the rethinking of partial least squares. *European Journal of Marketing*, 53(4), 566–584.
37. Handayani, L. S., dan Syarifudin, A. (2022). Pengaruh Kualitas Layanan, Harga dan Relationship Marketing terhadap Kepuasan Konsumen pada Layanan Transportasi Gojek. *Jurnal Dimensi*, 11(2), 292-313.
38. Harjati, L., dan Venesia, Y. (2015). Pengaruh Kualitas Layanan dan Persepsi Harga terhadap Kepuasan Pelanggan pada Maskapai Penerbangan Tiger Air Mandala. *E-Journal WIDYA Ekonomika*, 1(1), 64–74.
39. Haryono, S, 2016, *Buku 3 in 1 Metode SEM Untuk Penelitian Manajemen dengan AMOS Lisrel dan PLS*, Jakarta: PT. Intermedia Personalia Utama.
40. Hasanah, N., Basalamah, M. R., dan Millaningtyas, R. (2021). Pengaruh Kepercayaan Konsumen, Kemudahan Penggunaan dan Penetapan Harga terhadap Kepuasan Konsumen Jasa Transportasi Grab (Studi Kasus Mahasiswa Fakultas Ekonomi dan Bisnis Angkatan 2018 Universitas Islam Malang). *E-JRM: Elektronik Jurnal Riset Manajemen*, 10(01).

41. Herawati, S., Saktiendi, E., dan Raihanah, A. (2022). Analisis Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan, Promosi, dan Kemudahan Penggunaan Aplikasi KAI Access terhadap Kepuasan Konsumen PT Kereta Api Indonesia (Persero). *Formosa Journal of Multidisciplinary Research*, 1(6), 1391-1406.
42. IDN Times. (2024, November 15). DJKA Raih Penghargaan Internasional untuk Proyek LRT Jabodebek. Retrieved from IDN Times: <https://www.idntimes.com/news/indonesia/ridho-fauzan-2/djka-penghargaan-internasional-lrt-jabodebek-csc>
43. Indrasari, M. (2019). Pemasaran dan kepuasan pelanggan. Jawa Timur: Unitomo Press.
44. Institute for Transportation and Development Policy. (2017). *TOD STANDARD*. New York: Institute for Transportation and Development Policy. Retrieved from https://itdp-indonesia.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/TOD-Standard-3.0-IndoWEB_02.pdf
45. Irawan, Handi, 2008. *Membedah Strategi Kepuasan pelanggan*. Cetakan pertama. Jakarta. Pradnya Paramitha. Kelompok Gramedia.
46. Jannah, S. A., dan Hayuningtias, K. A. (2024). Pengaruh Kualitas Produk dan Persepsi Harga terhadap Kepuasan Pelanggan serta Dampaknya pada Loyalitas Pelanggan. *Jesya (Jurnal Ekonomi dan Ekonomi Syariah)*, 7(1), 489-500.
47. Jati, A. N. (2021). Pengaruh Kelengkapan Fasilitas Kapal dan Ketepatan Waktu terhadap Kepuasan Penumpang Kapal PT. Marina Logistik Sejahtera Balikpapan. *Prospect: Jurnal Manajemen dan Akuntansi*, 20(3), 193-205.
48. Johnson, R. B., dan Christensen, L. (2022). *Educational Research: Quantitative, Qualitative, and Mixed Approaches (7th ed.)*. SAGE Publications.
49. Korlantas Polri. (2024, Agustus 29). Jumlah Data Kendaraan Per Pulau . Retrieved from Website Resmi Polri: <http://rc.korlantas.polri.go.id:8900/eri2017/laprekappulau.php>
50. Kotler, P. (2000). *Principles of Marketing (B. Molan, Trans.)*. Prentice Hall International, Inc.
51. Kotler, P., dan Armstrong, G. (2012). *Principles of marketing (Global 14th ed.)*. Pearson.
52. Kotler, P., dan Armstrong, G. (2018). *Principles of Marketing (B. Sabran, Trans.; 12th ed., Vol. 1)*. Erlangga. (Original work published 2018).
53. Kotler, P., dan Armstrong, G. (2018). *Principles of Marketing*. ISBN 978-0-13-449251-3.
54. Kotler, P., dan Keller, K. (2016). *Marketing Management (B. Sobran, Trans.; 15th ed.)*. Pearson Education, Inc.; Erlangga.
55. Kotler, P., dan Keller, K. L. (2016). *Manajemen pemasaran (Edisi ke-12, Jilid 1 dan 2)*. Jakarta: PT Indeks.
56. Kotler, P., dan Keller, K. L. (2021). *Manajemen Pemasaran (Edisi 13, Jilid 2)*. Pearson Education Indonesia.
57. Kurniawan, R., dan Kurniawan, A. (2023, Februari 10). Jumlah Kendaraan di Indonesia 147 Juta Unit, 87 Persen Motor Artikel ini telah tayang di Kompas.com dengan judul "Jumlah Kendaraan di Indonesia 147 Juta Unit, 87 Persen Motor", Klik untuk baca: <https://otomotif.kompas.com/read/2023/02/10/070200315/jumlah>. Retrieved from Kompas.com: <https://otomotif.kompas.com/read/2023/02/10/070200315/jumlah-kendaraan-di-indonesia-147-juta-unit-87-persen-motor>
58. Kusuma, W., dan Marlina, N. (2021). Pengaruh Kualitas Layanan dan Citra Merek terhadap Kepuasan Pelanggan Jasa Transportasi Go-Jek Di Kota Surabaya. *Jurnal Pendidikan Tata Niaga (JPTN)*, 9(2), 1174-1180.
59. Lemeshow, S., Jr., Hosmer, W. D., Klar, J., and Lwanga, K. (1990). *Adequacy of Sample Size in Health Studies*. John Wiley dan Sons Ltd: England.
60. Leonardo, R. M., dan Riki (2021). Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan, Citra Merek, dan Persepsi Harga terhadap Kepuasan Pelanggan Jasa Transportasi Gocar di Kota Batam. *Rekaman: Riset Ekonomi Bidang Akuntansi dan Manajemen*, 5(1), 78-85.

61. Linda, R., dan Rahimudin, R. (2024). Pengaruh on-Time Performance Kereta Api Bandara YIA terhadap Kepuasan Penumpang Pesawat di Bandar Udara Internasional Yogyakarta. *Railway Journal*, 1(2), 7-7.
62. Linda, R., dan Rahimudin, R. (2024). Pengaruh on-Time Performance Kereta Api Bandara YIA terhadap Kepuasan Penumpang Pesawat di Bandar Udara Internasional Yogyakarta. *Railway Journal*, 1(2), 7-7.
63. Liputan 6. (2024, Januari 22). KAI Belum Kepikiran Tambah Rangkaian LRT Jabodebek di 2024. Retrieved from Liputan6.com: <https://www.liputan6.com/bisnis/read/5511137/kai-belum-kepribadian-tambah-rangkaian-lrt-jabodebek-di-2024>
64. Liputan 6. (2024, September 25). Perjalanan LRT Jabodebek Berkurang mulai 25 September 2024, Waktu Tunggu Jadi 11 Menit. Retrieved from Liputan6.com: <https://www.liputan6.com/bisnis/read/5711213/perjalanan-lrt-jabodebek-berkurang-mulai-25-september-2024-waktu-tunggu-jadi-11-menit>
65. LRT Jabodebek. (2024, November 5). Rekor Baru! LRT Jabodebek Catat Pengguna Terbanyak Sepanjang Oktober 2024. Retrieved from Instagram LRT Jabodebek: https://www.instagram.com/p/DB-Sq5DyVUy/?utm_source=ig_web_copy_link&igsh=MzRIODBiNWFIZA==
66. LRT Jabodebek. (2024, Oktober 9). Layanan Meningkatkan KAI Catat Pertumbuhan Pengguna LRT Jabodebek pada Triwulan III 2024. Retrieved from Instagram LRT Jabodebek: https://www.instagram.com/p/DA5nzSeP-A6/?utm_source=ig_web_copy_link&igsh=MzRIODBiNWFIZA==
67. Lupiyoadi, R. (2011). *Manajemen Pemasaran Jasa*. Salemba Empat.
68. Malhotra, N. K. (2012). *Marketing Research: an Applied Orientation* (6th ed.). Pearson Education.
69. Maulana, D. R., An, C., Abidin, Z., Marina, S., Adi, E. N., dan Aulia, N. (2023). Analisis Pengaruh Harga, Kualitas Pelayanan dan Kepercayaan terhadap Kepuasan Penumpang Maskapai Air Asia pada Rute Penerbangan Cgk-Lop di Masa Pandemi. *SKYHAWK: Jurnal Aviasi Indonesia*, 3(1), 188-201.
70. Muhamad, N. (2023, Agustus 21). Apa yang Membuat Masyarakat Nyaman Pakai Transportasi Umum? Ini Surveinya. Retrieved from Databoks: <https://databoks.katadata.co.id/transportasi-logistik/statistik/0a964f91ddf6230/apa-yang-membuat-masyarakat-nyaman-pakai-transportasi-umum-ini-surveinya>
71. Muhlidin (2022). Analisis Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan, Fasilitas, dan Ketepatan Waktu terhadap Kepuasan Konsumen pada PT. KAI DAOP IV Stasiun Poncol Semarang. *Jurnal Ekonomi Manajemen dan Akuntansi*.
72. Muldani, V., Nurjanah, N., dan Casilam, C. (2024). Pengaruh E-Service Quality dan Persepsi Harga terhadap Kepuasan Pelanggan (Studi Pelanggan Jasa Transportasi Online Gojek di Kota Depok). *Jurnal Pajak dan Bisnis (Journal of Tax and Business)*, 5(1), 11-18.
73. Musqari, N., dan Huda, N. (2018). Pengaruh Kualitas Layanan terhadap Loyalitas melalui Variabel Kepuasan pada Lembaga Amil Zakat (Studi pada Baituzzakah Pertamina Kantor Pusat). *Perisai*, 2, 34–53.
74. Narimawati, U. (2008). *Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif: Aplikasi, Kualitatif, dan Teori*. Agung Media.
75. Nazir, M. (2014). *Metode Penelitian*. Ghalia Indonesia.
76. Noor, J. (2017). *Metodologi Penelitian: Skripsi, Tesis, Disertasi, dan Karya Ilmiah* (Edisi ke-1; Cet. ke-7). Jakarta: Kencana.

76. Noviantika, S. (2020). Pengaruh Tarif dan Kualitas Layanan terhadap Kepuasan Konsumen Transportasi Berbasis Aplikasi Grab di Banjarbaru (Doctoral dissertation, Universitas Islam Kalimantan MAB).
77. Nurmala, L., Yusuf, A. S., dan Sulaeman, E. (2023). Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan dan Persepsi Harga terhadap Tingkat Kepuasan Pelanggan Pengguna Jasa Pelayanan Driver Grab. *Journal on Education*, 5(2), 1950-1957.
78. Palelu, D. R., Tumbuan, W. J., dan Jorie, R. J. (2022). Pengaruh Persepsi Harga dan Kualitas Pelayanan terhadap Kepuasan Konsumen Kamsia Boba di Kota Lawang. *Jurnal EMBA: Jurnal Riset Ekonomi, Manajemen, Bisnis dan Akuntansi*, 10(1), 68-77.
79. Paramita, R. W. D, Rizal, N. dan Sulistyan, R. B. (2021). *Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif Edisi 3*. Lumajang: Widya Gama Press.
80. Peter, J. P., dan Olson, J. C. (2000). *Perilaku Konsumen dan Strategi Pemasaran*. Erlangga.
81. Prasetyo, B. A., Rizani, D. A., Setiyo, M., Widodo, N., Saifudin, dan Bagiyo Condro, P. (2018). Estimasi pemborosan bahan bakar akibat kemacetan menggunakan analisis citra Google Map (Studi kasus pada simpang Armada Town Square Mall Magelang). *Automotive Experiences*, 1(2). <https://doi.org/10.31603/ae.v1i02.2244>
82. Priambodo, Y., Vikaliana, R., dan Purnaya, I. N. (2022). Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan dan Ketepatan Waktu Jasa Freight Forwarding terhadap Kepuasan Pelanggan pada PT Semoga Sukses Logistik. *Ikra-Ith Humaniora: Jurnal Sosial Dan Humaniora*, 6(1), 57-66.
83. Prihartanti, W., Gamal, A., Hardiono, H., Suasridewi, D. G., dan Rahmanto, A. (2023). Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan terhadap Kepuasan Penumpang Kereta Api Probowangi di Stasiun Wonokromo Surabaya. *Madani: Jurnal Ilmiah Multidisiplin*, 1(7).
84. Putri, N. Z., dan Begawati, N. (2020). Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan Terhadap Kepuasan Konsumen Pada Pt Kereta Api Indonesia (Persero) Divisi Regional Ii Sumatra Barat Padang Pariaman. *Matua Jurnal*, 2(1), 139-154.
85. Putri, Y. L., dan Utomo, H. (2017). Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan terhadap Loyalitas Pelanggan dengan Kepuasan sebagai Variabel Intervening (Studi Persepsi pada Pelanggan Dian Comp Ambarawa). *Among Makarti*, 10, 70–90.
86. Rahadi, D. R. (2023). Pengantar Partial Least Squares Structural Equation Modeling (PLS-SEM). *Tasikmalaya: Lentara Ilmu Madani*.
87. Restu, M., Hidayati, A., dan Safrianti, S. (2023). Pengaruh Brand Experience, Fitur, dan Kualitas Pelayanan terhadap Kepuasan Konsumen pada Pengguna Aplikasi Grab di Kota Bengkulu. *Ekonomi dan Bisnis*, 22(2), 137-145.
88. Rifai, M. I. (2019). Perkembangan Pembangunan Kota Jakarta sebagai Kota Metropolitan Masa Gubernur Ali Sadikin 1966-1977. *Jurnal Ilmu Sejarah*.
89. Riyanto dan Hatmawan. 2020. *Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif Penelitian di Bidang Manajemen, Teknik, Pendidikan, dan Eksperimen*. Sleman: Deepublish
90. Rohmah, W., Ramadhani, M., dan Winarno, B. (2024). Pentingnya integrasi transportasi publik di Kota Surakarta sebagai kota urbanisasi di Jawa Tengah. *Jurnal Bengawan Solo: Pusat Kajian Riset dan Inovasi Daerah Kota Surakarta*, 3(1), 45–54. <https://doi.org/10.58684/jbs.v3i1.4945>
91. Santi, A., dan Mardah, S. (2021). Pengaruh Kepercayaan dan Persepsi Harga terhadap Keputusan Pembelian Jasa GoRide (Studi pada Mahasiswa Fakultas Ekonomi) Universitas Islam Kalimantan Muhammad Arsyad Al Banjari Banjarmasin. *Jurnal Ilmiah Ekonomi Bisnis*, 7(2), 224-231.
92. Santoso, A. R. D., Agustin, I. W., dan Hariyani, S. (2022). Evaluasi kinerja operasional KA Komuter Surabaya – Lamongan dan stasiun Surabaya Pasar Turi (Studi kasus pada masa pandemi Covid-19). *Planning for Urban Region and Environment*, 11(2)

93. Saputra, H., dan Kurniadi, A. (2019). Analisis Kepuasan Pengguna berdasarkan Harapan dan Realitas pada Layanan Y. *Jurnal Manajemen Pelayanan*, 5(3), 101-110.
94. Sari, M. R., dan Lestari, R. (2019). Pengaruh persepsi harga, kualitas pelayanan, dan kualitas produk terhadap kepuasan dan dampaknya pada minat pembelian ulang konsumen kereta api kelas eksekutif Argo Parahyangan. *Oikonomia: Jurnal Manajemen*, 15(1). <https://doi.org/10.47313/oikonomia.v15i1.642>
95. Sarstedt, M., Hair, J. F., dan Ringle, C. M. (2021). Partial least squares structural equation modeling. In C. Homburg, M. Klarmann, dan A. Vomberg (Eds.), *Handbook of Market Research*. Cham: Springer.
96. Sarstedt, M., Hair, J. F., Nitzl, C., Ringle, C. M., dan Howard, M. C. (2020). Beyond a Tandem Analysis of SEM and Process: Use of PLS-SEM for Mediation Analysis. *International Journal of Market Research*.
97. Saruksuk, E. K., dan Nainggolan, N. P. (2022). Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan dan Ketepatan Waktu terhadap Kepuasan Customer PT Nusantara Card Semesta Batam. *SCIENTIA JOURNAL: Jurnal Ilmiah Mahasiswa*, 4(6).
98. Schermelleh-Engel, K., Moosbrugger, H., dan Müller, H. (2003). Evaluating the fit of structural equation models: Tests of significance and descriptive goodness-of-fit measures. *Methods of Psychological Research Online*, 8(2), 23-74. Retrieved from <https://www.researchgate.net/publication/251060246>
99. Schiffman dan Kanuk, 2013. *Consumer Behavior*. 11th Edition. Global Edition.
100. Sembiring, D. A. B., Sinaga, A. A., dan Panjaitan, M. (2023). Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan, Persepsi Harga, Kepercayaan, dan Kualitas Informasi terhadap Kepuasan Pelanggan Pengguna Jasa Transportasi Umum: Studi pada Pelanggan Bus Medan Jaya di Kota Medan. *Jurnal Ilmiah Methonomi*, 9(2), 156-167.
101. Septianingrum, A. A., dan Martini, I. (2023). Pengaruh Kualitas Produk, Kualitas Pelayanan, dan Kenyamanan Pelayanan terhadap Kepuasan Konsumen Rumah Makan Soto Mas Boed Semarang. *Maeswara: Jurnal Riset Ilmu Manajemen dan Kewirausahaan*, 1(6), 276. <https://doi.org/10.61132/maeswara.v1i6.409>
102. Silaen, S. (2018). *Metode Penelitian Sosial untuk Penulisan Skripsi dan Tesis*. Bogor: Penerbit In Media
103. Sinaga, L. R., Efendi, N., dan Harori, M. I. (2020). Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan, Fasilitas, dan Harga Terhadap Kepuasan Konsumen Pengguna Jasa Transportasi Bus Damri. *Jurnal Perspektif Bisnis*, 3(2), 89-96.
104. Sitanggang, R., dan Saribanon, E. (2018). Faktor-faktor penyebab kemacetan di DKI Jakarta. *Jurnal Manajemen Bisnis Transportasi dan Logistik*, 4(3).
105. Sugiarto, T., dan Fazri, D. (2020). Pengaruh on Time Performance (OTP) terhadap Peningkatan Seat Load Factor (SLF) di PT Garuda Indonesia Periode 2016-2019. *JTransporter (Journal of Transportation)*, 1(1).
106. Sugiyono. (2013). *Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif, Kualitatif, dan RdanD (Edisi ke-19)*. Alfabeta.
107. Sugiyono. (2016). *Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif, Kualitatif, dan RdanD*. Bandung: Alfabeta.
108. Sugiyono. (2018). *Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif, Kualitatif, dan RdanD*. Bandung: Alfabeta.
109. Suparyanto dan Rosad. 2015. *Manajemen Pemasaran*. Bogor: In Media.
110. Suroso, I., Deni, M., Tulip, A., Afini, V., dan Bangsawan, A. (2022). Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan terhadap Kepuasan Konsumen Apotek Fathurrahman di Kayuagung. *JURNAL EKOBIS: Kajian Ekonomi dan Bisnis*, 5(2), 42-50.

111. Susilo, D., dan Na'at, W. L. (2022). Analisis Kualitas Pelayanan Terhadap Kepuasan Pengguna KRL Commuter Line Yogyakarta-Solo. *Jurnal Ilmiah Telsinas Elektro, Sipil dan Teknik Informasi*, 5(2), 165-176.
112. Tetralleniajr, T., Anggraeni, N., dan Fatihah, D. C. (2021). Pengaruh Pelayanan Prima terhadap Kepuasan Konsumen di PT. KAI Bandung. *Jurnal Ilmiah Manajemen, Ekonomi, dan Akuntansi (MEA)*, 5(2), 1554-1569.
113. Tjiptono, F. (2011). *Pemasaran jasa – Prinsip, Penerapan, dan Penelitian*. Yogyakarta: Andi Offset.
114. Tjiptono, F. (2015). *Pemasaran Jasa*. Andi Offset.
115. Tjiptono, F. (2015). *Strategi Pemasaran*. Andi Offset. Tjiptono. (2019). *Strategi Pemasaran Prinsip dan Penerapan*. Edisi 1. Yogyakarta
116. Utama, R., dan Alizar. (2024). Analisis persepsi penumpang pada pelayanan LRT JABODEBEK. *Jurnal Ilmiah TELSINAS*, 7(2). <https://doi.org/10.38043/telsinas.v7i2.5401>
117. Utomo, N. A., dan Rianawati, T. (2021). Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan, Fasilitas, dan Harga terhadap Kepuasan Konsumen (Studi Pada PT. Kereta Api Indonesia DAOP IV Semarang). *Jurnal Visi Manajemen*, 7(2), 135-147.
118. Wicaksono, A. B., dan Widodo, S. (2024). Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan, Harga dan Kepuasan terhadap Loyalitas Konsumen. *Jurnal Ilmiah Manajemen Surya Pasca Scientia*, 13(1).
119. Wicaksono, B., Triwahyuningtyas, N., dan Aminda, R. S. (2021). Analisis pengaruh jumlah transportasi darat, infrastruktur, dan jumlah penduduk terhadap produk domestik bruto (PDB) Indonesia. *Jurnal Ilmiah MEA (Manajemen, Ekonomi, dan Akuntansi)*, 5(3).
120. Widiyarini, W., Johan, R. S., Septariani, D., dan Asikin, I. (2023). Pengaruh Safety dan on-Time Performance terhadap Loyalitas Pelanggan (Studi Kasus Pada Maskapai Batik Air). *Jurnal Ilmiah Wahana Pendidikan*, 9(21), 887-884.
121. Yamin, S (2022). *Olah Data Statistik SmartPLS 3, SmartPLS 4, AMOS, STATA (Cetakan Kedua)*. Depok: Dewangga Energi Internasional.
122. Yudhistira, K., Faturrahman, R., Rizki, M. F., dan Sahara, S. (2023). Analisis kualitas layanan, persepsi harga dan fasilitas pelanggan MRT terhadap kepuasan pelanggan. *Jurnal Manajemen Riset Inovasi*, 1(3), 18-30.
123. Yunus, M., Haris, R. A., dan Hermawan, D. J. (2023). Pengaruh Kualitas Pelayanan, Harga dan Ketepatan Waktu terhadap Kepuasan Pelanggan pada PT Kereta Api Indonesia (Persero) Daop IX Stasiun Probolinggo. *JUMAD: Journal Management, Accounting, dan Digital Business*, 1(4), 591-600.
124. Yusuf, A. M. (2017). *Metode Penelitian Kuantitatif, Kualitatif, dan Penelitian Gabungan (Cetakan ke-4)*. Jakarta: Kencana.